Abstrakt

In the present, unstable world order, the problem of state security has acquired a special significance along with the changes that are taking place in connection with the transformation of civilization. The Armed Forces of the Republic of Poland, intended to prevent and combat external threats, play a fundamental role in counteracting external threats. They also contribute to counteracting negative phenomena that constitute an internal threat. They cooperate with armed formations that are not included in their composition and are subordinate to the minister competent for internal affairs, that is the Police, the State Fire Service, and the Border Guard.

Public administration bodies play a very important role. This role consists, in particular, in proper preparation for preventing and combating catastrophes and natural disasters, including threats of other nature. Public administration also performs key tasks related to replenishing personnel reserves as well as means of transport and machines of organizational units and institutions reporting to the minister of national defense and to the minister competent for internal affairs. There is a key role of economic potential, the way of its mobilization, the involvement of public administration bodies and citizens. One of the elements of the national security system are benefits for it.

Security services are an issue that has been going on since the beginning of the history of the Polish state. In subsequent stages of Poland's development, they took various forms, and were also called differently, but it was always about the performance of works or the donation of resources by citizens to ensure the security of the Polish state. The constitution imposes certain obligations on the citizen. These include benefits for the defense, benefits in the event of the introduction of extraordinary measures, and benefits related to crisis situations that pose a threat to state security. They constitute public burdens borne by citizens and entrepreneurs in order to perform specific tasks facing public administration authorities. They are an integral part of system security solutions. The benefits in question are an obligation imposed on state offices and institutions, local government bodies, and finally on all entities conducting business activity in the country and on natural persons.

The study presents the issues of national security services, which constitute one of the components of the entire system. Issues related to the tasks facing public administration, primarily at the commune, poviat and voivodeship levels, cooperation at the interface between organizational units of local government and local military administration bodies were discussed. The work is the result of the author's many years of practice in the field of benefits based on the sources of law in the field of services for national security, and thus also theoretical knowledge.

The study deals with theoretical aspects of security, changes related to the collapse of the bipolar system after 1989, as well as threats to international security, including Poland's security. It contains an analysis of security threats that may have a negative impact on his feeling. It concerns the security system of the Republic of Poland as a border state of the European Union and NATO. It indicates the external conditions of the security of the Polish state, institutions responsible for the security of the state and the national security system with its subsystems. The paper presents the characteristics of the system of benefits for national security. It takes into account legal regulations, the division, types, criteria and characteristics

of services for national security together with the definitions of individual types of benefits. It is also an indication of the role and tasks, including obligations of public administration in the benefit system. The author of the work places special emphasis on those related to the benefits for national security. The others only signal. The chapter ends with considerations on Polish security system solutions.

The consequence is the indication of the role of benefits in increasing the national security potential, as part of the general duty of defense, including mobilization and war, the relationship between benefits and crisis management and the possibility of using them in the framework of emergency states defined in the basic act - the Constitution of the Republic of Poland. The text contains conclusions from research on the possibility of using benefits in the areas selected by the author. They are related to the preparation of strategic reserves and mobilization of the economy, the function of the state as the host country for external military aid, where the state acts as the host for the incoming party (Host National Support), the performance of a courier operation as a key task to replenish troops; finally, preparing units for militarization. The discussed topic concerns the way and possibilities of using the potential of the services.